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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/720,848	11/24/2003	John J. Viola	63134/P001CP2/10309809	3611	
29053 DALLAS OFF	7590 02/09/2007 FICE OF FULBRIGHT & J	· EXAM!	EXAMINER		
2200 ROSS AVENUE SUITE 2800 DALLAS, TX 75201-2784			DWIVEDI, M	DWIVEDI, MAHESH H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
	•		02/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Interview Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/720,848	VIOLA ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Mahesh H. Dwivedi	2168		

	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Mahesh H. Dwivedi	2168				
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):						
(1) Mahesh H. Dwivedi.	(3)Ross Viguet (REG # 42	<u>,203)</u> .				
(2) <u>Lelsie Wong (USPTO)</u> .	(4)					
Date of Interview: 31 January 2007.						
Type: a)⊠ Telephonic b)□ Video Conference c)□ Personal [copy given to: 1)□ applicant 2	²)∏ applicant's representative	·]				
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) Yes If Yes, brief description:	e)⊠ No.					
Claim(s) discussed: 1, 32, and 47.						
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>U.S. PGPUB 2003/0070076</u> .						
Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached. g)∏ was not reached. h)⊠ N	I/A.				
Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .						
(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amend allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no callowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached	opy of the amendments that w					
THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE A INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the GIVEN A NON-EXTENDABLE PERIOD OF THE LONGER INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INT FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTE requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.	last Office action has already OF ONE MONTH OR THIRTY ERVIEW SUMMARY FORM,	been filed, APP OAYS FROM T WHICHEVER IS	LICANT IS THIS S LATER, TO			

Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an Attachment to a signed Office action.

Examiner's signature, if required

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by
 attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does
 not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,

(The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)

- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

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Application No. 10/720,848

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: On 01/31/2007, the examiner conducted an interview with Mr. Ross Viguet (Reg # 42,203), the attorney on record for this instant application. Mr. Viguet first described the invention in detail to give a general summary of the benefits provided by the invention. Mr. Viguet then went on to explain the cited prior art of Michael (U.S. PGPUB 2003/0070076). Mr. Viguet then went on to discuss the differences between the cited art of Michael and the instant application. Mr. Viguet specifically talked about how the cited art of Michael does not teach the limitation "providing electronic access to a plurality of databases". The examiner stated that the Paragraph 42 of Michael teaches this limitation by stating "The computer system 21 may be any conventional computer having the necessary computing power to store data within one or more databases and provide calculations and correlations based on the stored and inputted data" (Paragraph 42). Mr. Viguet stated that he could see how the cited art could be interpreted to teach the claimed limitation, and stated that he would amend the claim to insert "geographically dispersed databases". The examiner stated that the potential amendment could overcome Michael, but a more focused study of Michael and a potential new search and consideration would have to be performed. Mr. Viguet then went on to state that the cited art of Michael does not explicitly teach the limitation "utilizing said at least a portion of said useful data from said at least one database to access at least another database of said plurality of databases". The examiner stated that the Paragraph 42 of Michael teaches this limitation by stating "The computer system 21 may be any conventional computer having the necessary computing power to store data within one or more databases and provide calculations and correlations based on the stored and inputted data" (Paragraph 42). Mr. Viguet stated that he feels that Michael does not explicitly teach the aforementioned limitation. Mr. Viguet then went on to state that Michael does not teach "utilizing a plurality of search information vectors...to a particular query" and "identifying confluence of search information vectors of said plurality...at least one database". The examiner stated that Figures 12-19 of Michael show various tables that have multiple meta data fields that are searchable. The examiner further stated that Paragraph 47 of Michael states "correlating alias names associate with criminal offenders" (Paragraph 47) and "The computer system 21 may be any conventional computer having the necessary computing power to store data within one or more databases and provide calculations and correlations based on the stored and inputted data" (Paragraph 42) broadly teach the aforementioned confluence limitation. Mr. Viguet stated that he disagreed with the examiner's cited paragraphs as teaching the confluence limitation. Mr. Viguet then went to state that Michael does not teach "said communication system operable to identify data...indirectly relevant to said at least one of said information vectors using said data in deified as directly relevant to said at least one of said information vectors". The examiner stated that Paragraph 49 of Michael teaches the aforementioned claim as "operators subscribing to the system 20 may guery all the data contained within the database 50. Thus, all data from all the subscribing law enforcement agencies is available to all subscribers" (Paragraph 49). The examiner further stated that since Michael teaches that all data is searched, then some irrelevant data must be returned as well. The examiner further stated that since indirectly irrelevant data was not defined in claim 47, then one can broadly interpret the irrelevant data as data returned from querying all stored information. Mr. Viguet stated that he feels that Michael does not explicitly teach the aforementioned limitation.